

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

**5.1.1**

The Government of Manitoba commit to continuing a comprehensive process of dialogue, negotiations and consultations with the inhabitants of the east side of Lake Winnipeg, and stakeholders to ensure the development of all components of the Broad Area Plan including *Protocols of Agreement* with the East Side First Nations and members of the Métis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.

The Government of Manitoba commit to continuing a comprehensive process of dialogue, negotiations and consultations with the inhabitants of the east side of Lake Winnipeg, and stakeholders to ensure the development of all components of the Broad Area Plan including *Protocols of Agreement* with the **East Side First Nations which must respect, recognize and protect Aboriginal and Treaty Rights.**

**Recommendation to add and number 5.1.2**

**\*The Government of Manitoba commit to continuing a comprehensive process of dialogue, negotiations and consultations with the inhabitants of the east side of Lake Winnipeg, and stakeholders to ensure the development of all components of the Broad Area Plan including *Protocols of Agreement* with the Métis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg**

The First Nations Council in the meeting of July 12 & 13, 2004 recommended that the name proposed in section 5.1.4 (East Side Planning Council) of the status report be changed to East Side First Nations Council. It was the view of the secretariat that the discussions on this issue had not been completed and would require further changes to the document.

Thursday- August 5, 2004 – 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.1.3</b></p> <p>That the Minister of Conservation actively explore the possibility of creating a 'resources partnership' with other provincial departments, the federal government, the private sector, public agencies and environmental non-governmental organizations in order to generate a pool of funds to permit the on-going development of a comprehensive Broad Area Plan.</p>	<p>That the Minister of Conservation actively explore the possibility of creating a 'resources partnership' with other provincial departments, the federal government, the private sector, public agencies, <b>environmental and other non-governmental</b> organizations in order to generate a pool of funds to permit the on-going development of a comprehensive Broad Area Plan.</p>	<p>That the Minister of Conservation actively explore the possibility of creating a '<b>financial partnership</b>' with other provincial departments, the federal government, <b>East Side First Nations</b>, the private sector, public agencies and environmental non-governmental organizations in order to generate a pool of funds to permit the on-going development of a comprehensive Broad Area Plan.</p>
<p><b>5.1.4</b></p> <p>The Government of Manitoba re-organizes the structural and operational support mechanisms for the on-going process replacing the East Side Round Table and the First Nations Council with an interim East Side of Lake Winnipeg Planning Council (ESPC) that would serve until such time as the Broad Area Plan and the <i>Protocols of Agreement</i> are completed and adopted by the Government of Manitoba.</p>		<p>The Government of Manitoba re-organizes the structural and operational support mechanisms for the on-going process by continuing with the <b>East Side First Nation Council which would receive advice from an advisory body.</b></p>

## East Side Planning Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.1.5</b></p> <p>That the East Side Planning Council be provided with a renewed mandate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To continue to facilitate and support negotiations and consultations on Protocols of Agreement with the First Nations and members of the Métis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</li> <li>• To continue to provide and collect information, consider and analyze community and individual submissions, engage in discussions and prepare the final recommendations for the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg pursuant to the mandate initially provided by the Minister;</li> <li>• To assume planning authority for land use and development within the territory of the Broad Area Plan in providing the Government of Manitoba with advice and recommendations on major, large-scale land use developments or initiatives.</li> </ul>	<p>That the <b>Proposed</b> East Side Planning Council be provided with a renewed mandate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To continue to facilitate and support negotiations and consultations on Protocols of Agreement with the First Nations and members of the Métis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</li> <li>• To continue to provide and collect information, consider and analyze community and individual submissions, engage in discussions and prepare the final recommendations for the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg pursuant to the mandate initially provided by the Minister;</li> <li>• To assume planning authority for land use and development within the territory of the Broad Area Plan in providing the Government of Manitoba with advice and recommendations on major, large-scale land use developments or initiatives.</li> </ul>	<p>That the East Side <b>First Nation</b> Council be provided with a renewed mandate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>To continue to facilitate and support negotiations and consultations on Protocols of Agreement with the First Nations.</b></li> <li>• <b>To continue to facilitate and support negotiations and consultations on Protocols of Agreement with the Métis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</b></li> <li>• To continue to provide and collect information, consider and analyze community and individual submissions, engage in discussions and prepare the final recommendations for the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg pursuant to the mandate initially provided by the Minister;</li> <li>• To assume planning authority for land use and development <b>within the territory of the broad area plan.</b></li> </ul>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

In order to be clear and until such time as the Broad Area Plan and the Protocol Agreements have been concluded, the East Side First Nation Council shall assume immediate planning authority for lands in the planning area.

Thursday - August 5, 2004 – 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.1.7</b></p> <p>The Government of Manitoba shall consult with the ESPC and seek its advice and recommendations on all major new land use developments, including cottage lot developments, or initiatives, such as those described in Phase 1 – Final Report, occurring within the planning boundaries of the East Side of Lake Winnipeg. As such, ESPC will exercise regional planning powers to the maximum extent allowable under existing legislation, until such time as the Government of Manitoba is in receipt of the final recommendations constituting the draft Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg. It is understood that this authority extends only to those lands outside of reserve lands or Treaty Land Entitlements within the planning region, and in which Aboriginal communities and the Government of Manitoba assert sole or joint interest and jurisdiction.</p>		<p>The Government of Manitoba shall consult with the <b>East Side First Nations Council</b> and seek its <b>direction</b> and recommendations on all major new land use developments, including cottage lot developments, or initiatives, such as those described in Phase 1 – Final Report, occurring within the planning boundaries of the East Side of Lake Winnipeg. As such, <b>the East Side First Nation Council</b> will exercise regional planning powers to the maximum extent allowable under existing legislation <b>or case law</b>, until such time as the Government of Manitoba is in receipt of the final recommendations constituting the draft Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg. It is understood that this authority extends only to those lands outside of reserve lands or Treaty Land Entitlements within the planning region, and in <b>which First Nation Governments , the Metis Nation</b> and the Government of Manitoba assert sole or joint interest and jurisdiction.</p>

## East Side Planning Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.1.8</b></p> <p>That with respect to the composition of the ESPC that the Government of Manitoba give consideration to, among others, the following two options and that it consciously and carefully provide for the transfer of institutional memory from the current structures and participants to the new Council;</p> <p>Option 1 That the ESPC is to be governed by and comprised of an independent Chair whose appointment is subject to the mutual agreement of the government of Manitoba and the Minister of Conservation, the Chiefs of each of the east side of Lake Winnipeg First Nations or their designates, and representatives of the Metis and Northern Affairs communities and stakeholders, but that the membership of the ESPC not exceed 20.</p> <p>Option 2 That the ESPC is to be governed by and comprised of an independent Chair whose appointment is subject to agreement of the Government of Manitoba, a chief or his/her designate mutually</p>	<p>That with respect to the composition of the ESPC that the Government of Manitoba give consideration to, among others, the following three options and that it consciously and carefully provide for the transfer of institutional memory from the current structures and participants to the new Council;</p> <p><b>Option 1</b> <b>Irrespective of whether current Round Table and First Nations Council members can participate further, and regardless of the level of resources available from government, the current Round Table and First Nations Council be combined into the East Side Planning Council. The purpose of the council will be to continue community level engagement and move the planning process forward. In addition, that an executive body be formed from this planning council, to make executive decisions, move the planning process forward, and provide decisions on resource allocation and management.</b></p> <p>Original Option 1 Becomes Option 2 Original Option 2 Becomes Option 3</p>	<p><b>The East Side First Nation Council (ESFNC) will consist of the 16 East Side First Nation Chiefs or their designates. The ESFNC will be assisted by an East Side Advisory Committee, the members of which must be agreed upon by the ESFNC and the Government of Manitoba.</b></p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 – 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

agreed upon by, and to represent, the 4 Cree First Nations on the east side of Lake Winnipeg; a chief or his/her a designate mutually agreed upon by, and to represent, the 4 Oji - Cree First Nations on the east side of Lake Winnipeg; Two chiefs or his/her designates mutually agreed upon by, and to represent, the 8 Ojibway First Nations on the east side of Lake Winnipeg; and one or more representatives of the Métis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg; and one or more representatives of Northern Affairs communities or stakeholders, but that the membership of the ESPC not exceed 7.

**5.1.9**

That all decisions of the ESPC be subject to the principle of a “double majority”, that being the majority of the ESPC members and the designated representative to the ESPC of the First Nations community within whose traditional lands the land use activity is proposed to take place.

That all decisions of the **ESFNC** be subject to the principle of a “double majority”, that being the majority of the ESPC members and the **authorized** representative to the **ESFNC** of the First Nation governments within whose traditional lands, the land use activity is proposed to take place.

Thursday - August 5, 2004 – 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.1.10</b></p> <p>The ESPC be supported by a sufficiently resourced Secretariat, the head of which is appointed following the joint concurrence of ESPC and the Government of Manitoba.</p>		<p>The <b>ESFNC</b> be supported by a sufficiently resourced Secretariat, the head of which is appointed following the joint concurrence of <b>ESFNC</b> and the Government of Manitoba.</p>
<p><b>5.1.11</b></p> <p>The ESPC be assisted in the process of finalizing the Broad Area Plan recommendations for the east side of Lake Winnipeg by the East Side Advisory Committee recognizing that membership in this committee may have to be re-constituted so as to remain current. The ESPC may wish to continue to use existing Broad Area Plan Working Groups or create other such support mechanisms.</p>		<p>The <b>ESFNC</b> be assisted in the process of finalizing the Broad Area Plan recommendations for the east side of Lake Winnipeg by the East Side Advisory Committee recognizing that membership in this committee may have to be re-constituted so as to remain current. The <b>ESFNC</b> may wish to continue to use existing Broad Area Plan Working Groups or create other such support mechanisms.</p>
<p><b>5.1.12</b></p> <p>It is understood that all such developments or initiatives identified in recommendation 5.1.11 above be subjected to a comprehensive <i>Aboriginal and Treaty Rights and Traditional Lands Impact Assessment</i> as part of any Environmental Impact Assessments that may be required. It is further</p>		<p>It is understood that all such developments or initiatives identified in recommendation 5.1.11 above be subjected to a comprehensive <i>Aboriginal and Treaty Rights and Traditional Lands Impact Assessment</i> as part of any Environmental Impact Assessments that may be required. It is further</p>



## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>recommended that the ESPC, early in its mandate, commission research in order to establish an acceptable methodology for conducting such an assessment.</p> <p><b>5.1.13</b></p> <p>Consistent with the approach identified in 5.3 <i>Initiatives to Protect the Integrity of the Boreal Environment</i> (below), that all of the lands within the boundaries of the Broad Area Plan for the east side of Lake Winnipeg external to human settlements are considered as “<i>Protected</i>” as further elaborated in Chapter 5.3, and pursuant to the processes defined above, it is understood that the ESPC will act as an interim land use and resource allocation authority until such time as the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg is adopted.</p>		<p>recommended that the <b>ESFNC</b>, early in its mandate, commission research in order to establish an acceptable methodology for conducting such an assessment.</p> <p>Consistent with the approach identified in 5.3 <i>Initiatives to Protect the Integrity of the Boreal Environment</i> (below), that all of the lands within the boundaries of the Broad Area Plan for the east side of Lake Winnipeg external to human settlements are considered as “<i>Protected</i>” as further elaborated in Chapter 5.3, and pursuant to the processes defined above, it is understood that the <b>ESFNC</b> will act as an interim land use and resource allocation authority until such time as the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg is adopted.</p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.2.1</b></p> <p>That a Protocol of Agreement be developed between the Government of Manitoba and First Nation communities of the East Side of Lake Winnipeg and that the agreement will become an integral part of the Broad Area Plan and serve to guide its implementation.</p>		<p>That a Protocol of Agreement be developed between the Government of Manitoba and First Nation <b>Governments</b> on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg and that the agreement will become an integral part of the Broad Area Plan and serve to guide its implementation.</p>
<p><b>5.2.3</b></p> <p>The Government of Manitoba should finalize outstanding Treaty Land Entitlement issues for First Nation communities on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</p>		<p>The Government of Manitoba should finalize outstanding Treaty Land Entitlement issues for First Nation <b>Governments</b> on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</p>
<p><b>5.2.4</b></p> <p>That the Government of Manitoba must develop a resource-sharing framework for the east side of Lake Winnipeg within the context of the protocols. The framework may require two levels: an umbrella agreement between Government of Manitoba and First Nation and the Metis Nation Governments to serve as guiding principles for the Area. Second level agreements will be required between Government of Manitoba and individual</p>	<p>That the Government of Manitoba must develop a resource-sharing framework for the east side of Lake Winnipeg within the context of the protocols. The framework may require two levels: an umbrella agreement between Government of Manitoba and First Nation and the Metis Nation Governments to serve as guiding principles for the Area. Second level agreements will be required between Government of Manitoba and individual Aboriginal Governments on specific land use decisions for their specific territory. Agreements for specific</p>	<p>That the Government of Manitoba must develop a resource-sharing framework for the east side of Lake Winnipeg within the context of the protocols. The framework may require two levels: an umbrella agreement between Governments of Manitoba, First Nations and the Metis Nation to serve as guiding principles for the area. Second level agreements will be required between Governments of Manitoba, First Nations and the Metis Nation on specific land use.</p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>Aboriginal Governments on specific land use decisions for their specific territory. Agreements for specific land use decisions would include but would not be limited to access, revenue sharing, procurement, capacity building, shared stewardship, and environmental management.</p>	<p>land and water use decisions would include but would not be limited to access, revenue sharing, procurement, capacity building, shared stewardship, environmental management and <b>impact benefit agreements.</b></p>	<p>decisions for their specific territory. <b>Protocol</b> agreements for specific land use decisions would include but would not be limited to access, revenue sharing, procurement, capacity building, shared stewardship, and environmental management.</p>
<p><b>5.2.5</b></p> <p>Agreements should be concluded on all resource uses within Aboriginal traditional territories prior to implementation of recommendations of the Broad Area Plan. For example, these agreements could include share-management arrangements for various natural resources within the planning area, including but not limited to provisions for royalty and/or revenue sharing and other benefits with First Nations and the Metis Nation resident on the east side of Lake Winnipeg for resources removed from traditional lands.</p>		<p><b>Such</b> agreements should be concluded on all resource uses within Aboriginal traditional territories prior to implementation of recommendations of the Broad Area Plan. For example, these agreements could include share-management arrangements for various natural resources within the planning area, including but not limited to provisions for royalty and/or revenue sharing and other benefits with First Nations <b>Governments</b> and the Metis Nation resident on the east side of Lake Winnipeg for resources removed from traditional lands.</p>
<p><b>5.2.6</b></p> <p>The Government of Manitoba, crown corporations and other public agencies, and the private sector must recognize, respect, and honor local</p>		<p>The Government of Manitoba, crown corporations and other public agencies, and the private sector must recognize, respect, and honor local agreements</p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>agreements between east side First Nations and the Metis Nation resident on the east side of Lake Winnipeg respecting development within traditional, cultural, and resource territories, as this is instrumental in creating greater control and participation for local communities.</p> <p><b>5.2.7</b></p> <p>Community-based land use planning must be completed prior to any development activities within their traditional lands. It should guide the identification and development of resource-based opportunities, including protected areas and infrastructure development in the east side planning area. As has been indicated elsewhere in this report it is of paramount importance that adequate resources be made available to assist communities in land use planning.</p> <p><b>5.2.8</b></p> <p>That all future discussions, consultations and negotiations between the public and private sectors, and First Nations, NACC and Metis</p>		<p>between east side First Nations <b>Governments</b> and the Metis Nation resident on the east side of Lake Winnipeg respecting development within traditional, cultural, and resource territories, as this is instrumental in creating greater control and participation for local communities.</p> <p>Community-based land use planning must be completed prior to any development activities within their traditional lands. It should guide the identification and development of resource-based opportunities, including protected areas and infrastructure development in the east side planning area. As has been indicated elsewhere in this report it is of paramount importance that adequate resources be made available to assist <b>First Nation and Metis Governments and NACC</b> communities in land use planning.</p> <p>That all future discussions, consultations and negotiations between the public and private sectors, and <b>First Nations and Metis Governments and</b></p>

**East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations**

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>communities on the east side of Lake Winnipeg be subject to the protocols defined for such activities in the on-going governance mechanism adopted to oversee the implementation of and adherence to the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</p> <p><b>5.2.9</b></p> <p>That whatever on-going mechanism is established to oversee the implementation of and adherence to the east side of Lake Winnipeg Broad Area Plan, it include monitoring and compliance powers to ensure that both public and private sector resource users comply with all components of the Protocols with First Nations and Aboriginal Communities Respecting the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</p>		<p><b>NACC</b> communities on the east side of Lake Winnipeg be subject to the protocols defined for such activities in the on-going governance mechanism adopted to oversee the implementation of and adherence to the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</p> <p>That whatever on-going mechanism is established to oversee the implementation of and adherence to the east side of Lake Winnipeg Broad Area Plan, it include monitoring and compliance powers to ensure that both public and private sector resource users comply with all components of the Protocols <b>with First Nations and Metis Governments</b> Respecting the Broad Area Plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</p>

## East Side Planning Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.3.1</b></p> <p>The entire planning area be visioned as “protected”, in the sense that First Nations use the term, as described above. In practice, decisions on new economic developments (forestry, mining, tourism, etc), or on the limitations imposed pending completion of the Broad Area Plan, would require the concurrence of the East Side Planning Council (ESPC). All resource development decisions that are made for the area would be assessed on the basis of whether they affect protection, in addition to the usual considerations. Existing licenses and developments would continue. This approach is similar to and mirrors the intent of the protection afforded the territorial lands of the five First Nations that signed the Protected Area Accord.</p>		<p>The entire planning area be visioned as “protected”, in the sense that First Nations use the term, as described above. In practice, decisions on new economic developments (forestry, mining, tourism, etc), or on the limitations imposed pending completion of the Broad Area Plan, would require the concurrence of the <b>East Side First Nation Council (ESFNC)</b>. All resource development decisions that are made for the area would be assessed on the basis of whether they affect protection, in addition to the usual considerations. Existing licenses and developments would continue. This approach is similar to and mirrors the intent of the protection afforded the territorial lands of the five First Nations that signed the Protected Area Accord.</p>
<p><b>5.3.3</b></p> <p>The Manitoba government authorize the East Side Planning Council (ESPC) to designate specific levels of protection within the planning area, including protection conferred by Order-in-Council,</p>		<p>The Manitoba government authorize the <b>East Side First Nation Council</b> to designate specific levels of protection within the planning area, including protection conferred by Order-in-Council, and other</p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>and other forms of protection, as determined by the ESPC. In so doing, the guidance and principles given by the Boreal Forest Conservation Framework should be considered. This would result in a portion of the planning area receiving the highest level of protection, consistent with the principles of the Canadian Boreal Initiative, and other areas identified to support sustainable communities and resource stewardship activities.</p>		<p>forms of protection, as determined by the <b>ESFNC</b>. In so doing, the guidance and principles given by the Boreal Forest Conservation Framework should be considered. This would result in a portion of the planning area receiving the highest level of protection, consistent with the principles of the Canadian Boreal Initiative, and other areas identified to support sustainable communities and resource stewardship activities.</p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 - 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>5.3.9</b></p> <p>Two new land use categories are needed for designating protected areas under appropriate provincial legislation. One is needed to protect First Nations' and Metis Nation's sacred, historical and burial sites without disclosing the exact location. This is to protect the sites from damage and impacts. These do not need to be parks or ecological reserves. The other is a designation for First Nation Traditional Land. These could be designated inside or outside of parks. This would mean lands protected and cared for utilizing traditional First Nation and Metis Nation values, approaches and ecological knowledge, and with activities prescribed by local decision-making and control.</p>		<p>Two new land use categories are needed for designating protected areas under appropriate provincial legislation. One is needed to protect First Nations' and Metis Nation's sacred, historical and burial sites without disclosing the exact location. This is to protect the sites from damage and impacts. These do not need to be parks or ecological reserves. The other is a <b>recognition for First Nation Traditional Lands. These lands could be situated inside or outside</b> of parks. This <b>recognition</b> would mean lands protected and cared for utilizing traditional First Nation and Metis Nation values, approaches and ecological knowledge, and with activities prescribed by local decision-making and control. <b>Where there are shared Traditional territories, First Nations would be invited to develop a common approach.</b></p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 - 9AM



## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>6.2.1</b></p> <p>All communities in the east side planning area be provided the necessary resources to develop and produce plans for both their community and surrounding areas of interest, including Traditional Ecological Knowledge, before significant development expansion, new developments, or new licenses are issued in any potentially affected area.</p>		<p><b>All First Nation governments, Metis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg and Northern Affairs</b> communities in the east side planning area be provided the necessary <b>financial</b> resources to develop and produce plans for both their community and surrounding areas of interest, including Traditional Ecological Knowledge, before significant development expansion, new developments, or new licenses are issued in any potentially affected area.</p>
<p><b>6.2.2</b></p> <p>Future development should be contingent on the establishment of processes and policies that ensure community involvement, training and employment and that resource allocation decisions involve local communities.</p>		<p>Future development <b>must</b> be contingent on the establishment of processes and policies that ensure community involvement, training and employment and that resource allocation decisions involve local communities.</p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>6.2.3</b></p> <p>The Government of Manitoba should provide capacity building initiatives and programs for people to participate more fully in resource exploitation activities in their traditional territories. Effective skills training programs should be developed to maximise local input in community economic development initiatives.</p>	<p>The Government of Manitoba should provide capacity building initiatives and programs for people to participate more fully in resource (<b>exploitation delete</b>) activities in their traditional territories. Effective skills training programs should be developed to maximise local input in community economic development initiatives.</p>	<p><b>The Government of Manitoba provide capacity building initiatives and programs for people to participate more fully in resource activities in their traditional territories. Effective skills training programs be developed to maximise local input in community economic development initiatives.</b></p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>6.2.4</p> <p>A formal assessment should be done that would identify current and anticipated economic opportunities and skill sets that will be required to take advantage of these opportunities. Training programs such as business management skills must then be designed and delivered to meet these needs. Other programs could include emergency fire fighting, first aid, dangerous goods, presentation skills, emergency readiness, ecotourism, life skills, and proposal preparation.</p>	<p>A formal assessment should be done that would identify current and anticipated economic opportunities and skill sets that will be required to take advantage of these opportunities. Training programs such as business management skills, <b>including marketing</b>, must then be designed and delivered to meet these needs. Other programs could include emergency fire fighting, first aid, dangerous goods, presentation skills, emergency readiness, ecotourism, life skills, and proposal preparation, <b>to name a few</b>.</p>	<p><b>A formal assessment be done that would identify current and anticipated economic opportunities and skill sets that will be required to take advantage of these opportunities. Training programs such as business management skills must then be designed and delivered to meet these needs. Other programs could include emergency fire fighting, first aid, dangerous goods, presentation skills, emergency readiness, ecotourism, life skills, and proposal preparation.</b></p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 - 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>6.2.6</b></p> <p>The Government of Manitoba must support joint ventures/ partnerships / local ownership creating the means for communities to gain benefits from resource initiatives and economic activities within communities and traditional territories. All economic development initiatives undertaken by the public or private sector within the planning area should ensure training and employment opportunities for local residents where possible.</p>		<p>The Government of Manitoba must support joint ventures/ partnerships / local ownership creating the means for communities to gain benefits from resource initiatives and economic activities within communities and traditional territories. All economic development initiatives undertaken by the public or private sector within the planning area <b>must</b> ensure training and employment opportunities for local residents where possible.</p>
<p><b>6.2.8</b></p> <p>The Government of Manitoba actively engage First Nations, Metis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg and local communities in developing and enhancing their own conservation capacity and engagement in formal conservation practises and activities in the planning area. A model suggested is the Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission (GLIFWC).</p>		<p><b>The Government of Manitoba commit to working with the ESFNC and First Nation governments to establish a natural resources management authority based on the principles of the seven generations and consider the Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission (GLIFWC model) in the planning area that would be operational within three years.</b></p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

*NEW*

6.2.9

The Government of Manitoba actively engage Métis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg and local communities in developing and enhancing their own conservation capacity and engagement in formal conservation practices and activities in the planning area.

Thursday - August 5, 2004 – 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>6.3.1</b></p> <p>To ensure sustainable forestry practices are maintained on the east side of Lake Winnipeg, that all commercial forestry activities operate according to standards and procedures established or recommended by the Forest Stewardship Council and the Manitoba Model Forest Program.</p>	<p>To ensure sustainable forestry practices are maintained on the east side of Lake Winnipeg, that all commercial forestry activities <b>are encouraged to</b> operate according to standards and procedures established or recommended by <b>management and forest certification systems.</b></p>	<p>To ensure sustainable forestry practices are maintained on the east side of Lake Winnipeg, that all commercial forestry activities <del>are encouraged to</del> operate according to standards and procedures established or recommended by management and forest certification systems.</p>
<p><b>6.3.2</b></p> <p>That when Manitoba renegotiates FML #1, it includes more local decision-making and joint governance provisions. A process is needed to provide First Nations, Metis Nation resident on the East Side, and local communities with more timely opportunities for input in the license renewal process. When TEMBEC operates outside FML-1 such as within the Integrated Wood Supply Area #1, communities must be consulted.</p>	<p>That when Manitoba renegotiates FML #1, it includes more local decision-making and joint governance provisions. A process is needed to provide First Nations, Metis Nation resident on the East Side, local communities <b>and affected stakeholders</b> with more timely opportunities for input in the license renewal process. When TEMBEC operates outside FML-1 such as within the Integrated Wood Supply Area #1, communities must be consulted <b>in accordance with the Protocols of Agreement.</b></p>	<p><b>That when Manitoba renegotiates FML #1, it does so through the East Side First Nation Council ensuring more timely opportunities for input. When stakeholders operate outside FML-1 such as within the Integrated Wood Supply Area #1, First Nations governments and the Metis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg must be consulted and accommodated.</b></p>
<p><b>6.3.3</b></p> <p>Provisions are needed for royalty, revenue sharing or other benefits for Aboriginal peoples for timber removed from traditional lands, both inside FML#1 and in the rest of the planning area.</p>		<p><b>Provisions are needed for royalty, revenue sharing or other benefits for First Nation governments and the Metis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg for timber removed from the planning area.</b></p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>6.3.9 Local communities should be consulted prior to the planning or decommissioning of forest roads within the plan area.</p>	<p><b>Affected local</b> communities and <b>affected local stakeholders</b> should be consulted prior to the planning or decommissioning of forest roads within the plan area.</p>	<p><b>Affected First Nations governments and the Metis Nation resident on the East Side of Lake Winnipeg must be consulted and accommodated prior to the planning or decommissioning of forest roads within the plan area.</b></p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 - 9AM

**East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations**

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><i>NEW</i> 6.3.10</p>	<p>Any forestry development or activity with a permit or license to operate should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government should establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party arbitrator could be a consideration.</p>	<p>Any permitted or licensed forestry development or activity must investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on other licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government work with the First Nation Council to establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party mediator could be a consideration.</p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 – 9AM



## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p>6.4.7</p> <p>Manitoba Transportation facilitate independent research leading to a comprehensive understanding of the social, environmental, economic and cumulative affects consequences of an all-weather road system on the East Side. This research should include an examination of alternatives and proceed in advance of all-weather road development proposals beyond the Rice River road. The research should also include social impact studies addressing potential increase in youth gang activity.</p> <p>Economic impact studies should consider the potential negative impact on remote lodges should they become road accessible.</p> <p>Should the proposed amended Regional Transportation Network Study conclude that all-weather road access to be the most feasible means of making transportation safer, more convenient and less costly to resident of the east side of Lake Winnipeg, the following recommendations would apply:</p>	<p>Manitoba Transportation facilitate independent research leading to a comprehensive understanding of the social, environmental, economic and cumulative affects consequences of an all-weather road system on the East Side. This research should include an examination of alternatives and proceed in advance of all-weather road development proposals beyond the Rice River road. The research should also include social impact <b>studies</b>.</p> <p>Economic impact studies should consider the potential negative impact on remote lodges should they become road accessible.</p> <p>Should the proposed amended Regional Transportation Network Study conclude that all-weather road access to be the most feasible means of making transportation safer, more convenient and less costly to resident of the east side of Lake Winnipeg, the following recommendations would apply:</p>	<p><b>Manitoba Transportation facilitate independent research leading to a comprehensive understanding of all social, environmental, economic and cumulative affects consequences of an all-weather road system on the East Side. As identified in recommendation 5.1.11, the required Environmental Impact Assessment must include a comprehensive Aboriginal and Treaty Rights and Traditional Lands Impact Assessment. This research should include an examination of alternative transportation routes and methods and proceed in advance of all-weather road development proposals beyond the Rice River road.</b></p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><i>NEW</i> 6.4.15</p>	<p>Any transportation development activity with a permit or license to operate should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government should establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party arbitrator could be a consideration.</p>	<p>Any transportation development or activity with a permit or license to operate must investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on other licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government work with the First Nation Council to establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party mediator could be a consideration.</p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 – 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

6.5.8

(This is inserted to replace the original 6.5.8. The original 6.5.8 becomes 6.5.10 which appears below)

That the Government of Manitoba support in establishing a Manitoba First Nations Tourism Group through financial and technical support in the areas of ownership in lodges, outposts, camps etc, and in training and advocacy. Provision for hiring and training people for advancement in the industry from the local community must be a condition of licenses and permits in future tourism facilities.

Thursday - August 5, 2004 – 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><i>NEW</i> 6.5.9</p> <p>6.5.10</p> <p>There is a need for a clear consultation process regarding the allocation of non-resident big game licenses, as the current process appears to be unfair to local entrepreneurs.</p>	<p>Any tourism and recreation development or activity with a permit or license to operate should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government should establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party arbitrator could be a consideration.</p>	<p>Any tourism and recreation development or activity with a permit or license to operate should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government should establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party mediator could be a consideration.</p> <p>That the East Side First Nations Council develop a clear consultation process regarding the allocation of non-resident big game licenses as the current process appears to be unfair to local entrepreneurs.</p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><i>NEW</i> 6.6.9</p>	<p>Any hydro transmission development or activity with a permit or license to operate should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government should establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party arbitrator could be a consideration.</p>	<p>Any hydro transmission development or activity with a permit or license to operate should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party mediator could be a consideration.</p>

Thursday - August 5, 2004 - 9AM

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><i>NEW</i> 6.7.1</p>	<p>The Manitoba Government should establish a mechanism to consult with potentially affected peoples and licensees prior to the approval of mineral exploration programs and permits.</p> <p>Re-number the rest of the recommendations in Section 6. 7 Mining</p>	<p>That the East Side First Nation Council develop a consultation process regarding potentially affected peoples and licensees prior to the approval of mineral exploration programs, permits and staking.</p> <p>Re-number the rest of the recommendations in Section 6. 7 Mining</p>
<p>6.7.4</p> <p>Any new mining development or mining exploration should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on trap lines. Manitoba government should establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict/disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests.</p>	<p><b>Renumbered to 6.7.5</b></p> <p><b>6.7.4</b></p> <p>Any mining development or mining exploration <b>activity, with a permit or license to operate</b> should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on <b>licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others.</b> The Manitoba government should establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. <b>Conflict Resolution by a third party arbitrator could be a consideration.</b></p>	<p><b>Any mining development or mining exploration activity with a permit or license to operate should investigate, identify and mitigate impacts on licensed or permitted activities such as trapping, wild rice propagation, lodges and outfitters, and others. The Manitoba government establish a process to ensure sufficient communications between license holders and provide a mechanism to resolve any conflict or disputes that may arise due to competing licensed interests. Conflict Resolution by a third party mediator could be a consideration.</b></p>

## East Side Planing Initiative Round Table and First Nations Council Changed Recommendations

Original Recommendation	RT Changed Recommendations	FNC Changed Recommendations
<p><b>6.8.5</b></p> <p>[That a program be established for a certified training program for those occupations currently not having certification programs.] (SWG)            NB: Probably goes in 6.2, unless aboriginal and community development chapter (6.2) is combined with 5.2, then maybe it goes there. SWG suggests moving this to 5.3, but the fit is not good.</p>	<p><b>Brackets Removed and Move to after 6.2.4 a</b></p> <p><b>6.8.9 becomes 6.8.5</b></p>	<p><b>That a program be established for a certified training program for those occupations currently not having certification programs.</b>  <b>(ie. Tourism Industry, Timber Harvesting, Mining and Commercial Fishing)</b>  <b>Recommendation for 6.8.5 be moved to 6.2.5</b></p>
<p><b>6.8.6</b></p> <p>[Consideration should be given to making impact benefit agreements mandatory for development intentions that impact the land use in the planning area. (SWG)            NB: brought forward for review at the June 18 SWG meeting) SWG suggests moving to 5.2]</p>	<p><b>Brackets Removed</b></p> <p><b>6.8.6</b></p> <p>Consideration should be given to making impact benefit agreements mandatory for development intentions that impact the land use in the planning area.</p>	<p><b>Impact benefit agreements must be mandatory for development initiatives impacting land use within the broad area plan for the East Side of Lake Winnipeg.</b></p>