### Protected Areas Analysis/Audit Conservation & Environment Policies/Commitments Manitoba Government 1999 – 2006

*Manitoba Wildlands*January 2007

#### 1999

Quote	Nature of Statement	Speech/Source /Date	Analysis
			Chitek Lake and Nanowin Poplar River park reserve extended December 1999

Quote	Nature of	Speech/Source	Analysis
	Statement	/Date	·
By working in co-operation with	Past Action;	Budget Speech	Between October 1999 and April
Aboriginal communities and	General	- May 10, 2000	2000 (inclusive), new protection
with industry, we have protected	Commitment		for three park reserves totaled
over 200,000 hectares of			235,900ha. This included
endangered spaces within our			protection of Hudwin Lake Park
first seven months in office. We			Reserve (128,700ha), which was
will continue to work co-			subsequently allowed to lapse
operatively to sustain our			October 31, 2000 and has not
environment for the benefit of			been renewed.
future generations.			A
			Actions:
			Dec '99 extension of Chitek  Lake Pork Pagerya
			Lake Park Reserve (99,600ha) &
			Poplar/Nanowin Rivers Park
			Reserve (748,370ha)
			• April '00 new protection –
			Birch Island Park Reserve,
			(79,000ha) Fisher Bay Park
			Reserve (28,200ha) &
			Hudwin Lake Park Reserve
			(128,700ha)
			, , ,

Quote	Nature of Statement	Speech/Source /Date	Analysis
Other measures to help protect our environment include: continuing with an action plan to create more provincial parks and protected areas	Specific Commitment	Budget Speech April 10, 2001	The 2000-2003 Action Plan for a Network of Protected Areas has never been updated, and there is currently no Action Plan in place.
Other measures to help protect our environment include:setting aside boreal forest lands. Manitoba is already a leader in protecting boreal forest. We will be making other announcements in this regard.	General Commitment	Budget Speech April 10, 2001	Manitoba led Canada (summer 2000) in land quantum protected from development during the 1990's. As of April 2001, the Doer government had protected 107,200ha of boreal park lands as new decisions since taking office in 1999.  New boreal protection Sept. '99 – April '01: 5a & 5b – Birch Island Park Reserve (79,000ha) 5a & 5b – Fisher Bay Park Reserve (28,200ha)

Quote	Nature of	Speech/Source	Analysis
	Statement	/Date	
Since 1999, close to a million	Claim	Throne Speech	This statement is inaccurate.
hectares has been added to		November 27,	Government calculations include
protected areas and parklands in		2002	permanent designation or
Manitoba.			extension of regulation for areas
			under interim protection prior to
			September 1999. These were not
			NEW additions to Manitoba's
			protected areas network.
			Between September 1999 and
			November 2002, 195,099ha of
			new protected area in Manitoba.
			New protected areas (Sept '99 –
			Nov '02):
			Birch Island Park Reserve

		T	(70,0001-)
			(79,000ha)
			Fisher Bay Park Reserve
			(28,200ha)
			Goose Island Park Reserve
			(145ha)
			Grand Island Park Reserve
			(915ha)
			Kinwow Bay Park Reserve
			(8,400ha) Pelican Islands Park Reserve
			(130ha)
			Pemmican Island Park Reserve
			(32ha)
			Sturgeon Bay Park Reserve
			(14,490ha)
			Walter Cook Uplands Caves
			Park Reserve (3,200ha)
			Criddle/Vane Homestead
			Provincial Park (132ha)
			Pembina Valley Provincial Park
			(171ha)
			= 134,815ha
			+ 60,284ha WMAs
			=195,099ha
			See Manitoba Wildlands
			Protected Areas Audit:
			http://manitobawildlands.org/pa
			grades.htm#pa audit
Some of the most significant	Policy	Throne Speech	Carbon sequestration is not the
emissions reductions can be	Statement	November 27,	same as emissions reductions,
achieved through community	Statement	2002	though large boreal protected
efforts to set aside green spaces		2002	areas contribute to climate
and the energy efficiency			change mitigation through
choices made by consumers			carbon storage.
			The Manitoba Government's
			October 2002 Climate Change
			Action Plan
			http://www.gov.mb.ca/conservat
			ion/climatechange/pdfs/final-
			mccap-sep-16-02.pdf makes no
			mention of protected areas as
			part of the province's climate
			change plan.

Our Environmentally Sensitive Areas Tax Credit will better enable us to protect the land around creeks and riverbanks, and our recently announced sustainable forests policy will better enable us to protect critical forest areas.	Declaration	Budget Speech April 22, 2002 - Environmental Stewardship	Only one new 'critical forest area' has become a protected area since this statement was made. The Bell and Steeprock Canyons Protected Area was protected in May 2004.  The 2002 policy document <i>Next Steps: Priorities for Sustaining Manitoba's Forests</i> referenced has not yet been audited. However, the level of ecological representation in Manitoba's forest regions has not increased since 2002.
Another example of long-term vision leading to sustained change over time is the Protected Areas Initiative.	Declaration	2002 Budget Paper – The Economy - Appendix 2	The Protected Areas Initiative is based on the <i>Action Plan for a Network of Protected Areas</i> , which expired in 2003 and has not been updated.  View the <i>Action Plan for a Network of Protected Areas</i> : <a href="http://www.gov.mb.ca/conservat_ion/pai/actionplan.html">http://www.gov.mb.ca/conservat_ion/pai/actionplan.html</a>

Quote	Nature of	Speech/Source	Analysis
	Statement	/Date	
Your Government will continue to invest in wilderness trails and parks	Specific Commitment	Throne Speech November 20, 2003	No public inventory of new trails exists. No new wilderness parks/ protected areas have been established since spring 2003.
The network of wilderness protected areas has been steadily expanded during that period. [since 1999]	Past Action	Throne Speech November 20, 2003	No new wilderness protected areas were established between 1999 and the end of 2003.  This statement was made as the 2000-2003 Action Plan for a Network of Protected Areas expired, and no update for the Action Plan had been initiated. (As of January 2007, there is still no Action Plan in place)

In the coming months, your Government will sign a memorandum of understanding with the federal government to create a new Lowlands National Park on the western shore of Lake Winnipeg.	Specific Commitment	Throne Speech November 20, 2003	The MOU was signed by the Governments of Manitoba and Canada March 2004, as an agreement to work to conclude community consultations for a Lowlands national park agreement by May 2005. As of January 2007, the MOU has not been fulfilled; consultations and negotiations to arrive at an agreement have not begun.
A new provincial park will be added in addition to the Caribou River, Pembina Valley and Trappist Monastery Provincial Parks that we have announced recently.	Specific Commitment	2003 Budget Speech Environmental Stewardship	Of those parks referenced, only Pembina Valley (171ha) is new (protected in 2001). Caribou River has been under protection since 1995. Trappist Monastery since 1997.  In 2003/2004, the government announced permanent protection for Manigotagan River Provincial Park (7,432ha) (Dec '04)  Other 2003/04 actions re: new Provincial Parks:  • April/July 2003 permanent designation of South Atikaki Provincial Park – logging prohibited, otherwise open to development. NOT protected  • Feb '04 permanent protection of Criddle Vane Homestead Provincial Park (132ha) (already under interim protection)  • June '04 permanent protection of the 87ha Rivers Provincial Park (new)  • May 2004 Bell Steeprock Canyons Protected Area
We have fully protected all or part of 21 Wildlife Management areas, and extended park reserve status to East Paint Lake and Manigotagan.	Past Action	2003 Budget Speech Environmental Stewardship	We commend the protection of WMAs – their protection is part of an initiative started 1997. At the time (in 2003), Manigotagan Park Reserve was not protected from development. East Paint

			Lake had been under interim protection since 1997.
Also, to support the eco-tourism industry, we have provided a grant to the Narcisse Snake Dens, and developed a Watchable Wildlife initiative.	Past Action	2003 Budget Speech Environmental Stewardship	Eco tourism is most assisted by creation of wilderness protected areas.
We are building on our commitment to create over 1,000 new cottage lots and 1,900 new campsites by providing \$750,000 for cottage lot development and campsite improvement inside and outside provincial parks.	Specific Commitment	2003 Budget Speech Environmental Stewardship	The cottage lots program has been plagued with problems, including lack of archeological review of sites, lack of surveys, and objections from current property owners, cottagers, and First Nations regarding sites earmarked for expansion.
• A new provincial park will be established – adding to three others created since 1999 along with over 20 protected areas and other initiatives that preserve wild spaces for future generations.	Specific Commitment	2003 Budget - Building Our Environmental Future	See above re: provincial parks establishment 2004.  Of the three Provincial Parks established since Sept. '99, two have been under interim protection since 1997 (see above)
• Another provincial park, adding to Caribou River, Pembina Valley and the Trappist Monastery parks created since 1999.	Specific Commitment	Press Release – April 22, 2003 'Budget 2003 At a Glance'	Only Pembina Valley Park is new since 1999, the others were initially protected in 1995 and 1997. This government moved them to permanent status. See above.

Quote	Nature of	Speech/Source	Analysis
	Statement	/Date	
My government's Green	Specific	Throne Speech	There is no protected green zone
Strategy includes	Commitment	November 22,	designation. The 'Green Strategy' is not
designation of pristine		2004	publicly available on Manitoba
lands and environmentally			Government web site at this time.
sensitive areas as			
protected green zones;			
Since 1999, over one	Past Action	Throne Speech	This statement corrects previous
million hectares of		November 22,	statements by adding "or renewed".
Manitoba wilderness have		2004	Caribou River Wilderness Park comprises
received new or renewed			764,000 ha of this total, and has been
protected status.			protected since 1995.
The coming year will see	Specific	Throne Speech	New Protection from Dec.'04 through
additional designations of	Commitment	November 22,	2005:

protected areas and ecological reserves, including the nomination of a pristine boreal forest region on the east side of Lake Winnipeg as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.		2004	Manigotagan Provincial Park (7,432ha) Brokenhead ER (563ha) Armit Meadows ER (263ha) Birch River ER (183ha) Total: 8441ha  As of January 2007 the nomination of the World Heritage Site (WHS) is not done, significant resources for lands planning are needed before UNESCO nomination can proceed.
The [UNESCO World Heritage] site that is being nominated is 43 000 square kilometres in total, roughly the size of Nova Scotia, and would join the Atikaki Wilderness Park with Ontario's Woodland Caribou Park and adjacent First Nation lands. The UNESCO designation is a recommendation of the East Side Planning Initiative, which is enabling communities on the east side of Lake Winnipeg to manage and benefit from any future development in their region.	Declaration	Throne Speech November 22, 2004	This WHS nomination was initiated by First Nations in spring 2002, with announcement and signing of the First Nation Protected Areas Accord. In December 2004, Manitoba's government stated its public support <a href="http://manitobawildlands.org/pdfs/MBGovtWHSSupport_V12.pdf">http://manitobawildlands.org/pdfs/MBGovtWHSSupport_V12.pdf</a> .  Canada added it to its tentative list of WHS sites in April 2004. The East Side Planning Initiative (ESPI) November 2004 report supported the First Nation led WHS nomination.  WHS acknowledgement from UNESCO will be based on lands plans and land protection being in place.  Visit <a href="http://manitobawildlands.org/lup_whs.htmm">http://manitobawildlands.org/lup_whs.htmm</a> m
To further enhance Manitoba's many natural assets, we have designated five new provincial parks since 1999 – Pembina Valley, Caribou River, Trappist Monastery, South Atikaki, and the Criddle/Vane Homestead – encompassing a total of nearly 800,000 hectares	.Past Action	Budget Speech April 19, 2004 – Conservation and Water Stewardship	Caribou River is not new protected land; it has been under protection since 1995.  Neither is the Trappist Monastery new protected land. South Atikaki has not had mining rights withdrawn and is therefore not protected.  Pembina Valley, Criddle/Vane Homestead, and the Beaudry addition are the only new and fully protected Provincial Parks designated by the current government since 1999 – a total of 318ha.

We have also recently signed an agreement that will lead to the creation of the Manitoba Lowlands National Park – Canada's newest national park.	Specific Commitment	Budget Speech April 19, 2004 – Conservation and Water Stewardship	See Manitoba Wildlands Protected Areas Audit: http://manitobawildlands.org/pa_grades.htm#pa_audit  This MOU expired June 2005. No significant steps towards a national park have occurred since it was signed March 2004.
In addition, the Protected Areas Initiative will receive \$100,000 to further support our network of protected areas in Manitoba.	Specific Commitment	Budget Speech April 19, 2004 – Conservation and Water Stewardship	From May 2004 through Nov. '05, 19,800ha of lands were protected. This protection did not result in an increase in natural region representation.  New Protection in from May'04 through 2005: Bell/Steeprock Canyons Protected Area (11,310ha) Rivers Provincial Park addition (49ha) Manigotagan Provincial Park (7,432ha) Brokenhead ER (563ha) Armit Meadows ER (263ha) Birch River ER (183ha) Total: 19,800ha

Quote	Nature of	Speech/Source	Analysis
	Statement	/Date	
To accommodate a	Specific	Budget	Parks infrastructure upgrades are needed
larger number of	Commitment	Speech: Water	throughout Manitoba's parks systems.
visitors, Budget 2005		Protection,	
increases funding for		Natural Areas	
one of Manitoba's		and Climate	
favourite parks, Birds		Change	
Hill Provincial Park.			
This past year we:	Past Action	Budget Speech	We applaud action to protected Manitoba
<ul> <li>designated</li> </ul>		'Water	lands and waters.
Manigotagan River as		Protection,	
the province's newest		Natural Areas	Bois des Esprits is not yet a designated
provincial park •		and Climate	protected area. Lands have been purchased
created an ecological		Change'	and transferred to the province.
reserve for a rare river-			Designation, withdrawal of mining rights etc
bottom forest south of			remain to be done. (
St. Adolphe			The commitment to the proposed WHS has

• took action to protect and preserve almost 80 acres of the Bois des Esprits in southeast Winnipeg • committed to a proposal for a Boreal Forest region on the east side of Lake Winnipeg as a UNESCO World Heritage Site • protected four new areas and added land to two existing parks • provided \$600,000 for sustainable forest			not come with funds to assist the WHS First Nations in their stated intent to undertake community-planning processes.  Chitek Lake park reserve protection also extended October 2004.  No progress on natural region representation has occurred since 1999. The representation method and protection standard are Manitoba policy.
management and renewal			
Budget 2005 continues the commitment to protect our water and natural resources now and in the future  • More parkland and upgraded park facilities	Specific Commitment	Budget 2005 In Brief	
• Upgrading facilities in provincial parks including more support for the popular Birds Hill Provincial Park.	Specific Commitment	Press Release – March 8, 2005 'Budget 2005 At A Glance'	
• Maintaining and enhancing Manitoba's network of protected areas	Specific Commitment	Press Release – March 8, 2005 'Budget 2005 At A Glance'	This is essentially a status quo statement.  Manitoba needs a new <i>Action Plan</i> for its network of protected areas.
[The Budget] also contains more resources for sustainable forest management and plans to maintain and enhance protected areas.	Specific Commitment	Press Release – March 8, 2005 'Budget 2005 Invests in Infrastructure and Health Care, Reduces Taxes, Pays Down Debt'	There are over 100 areas in the province under review to become protected areas. 10,000,000 acres within those 100 areas have been reviewed by the minerals sector and are supported for protected status.  View the Manitoba Natural Regions and Rank 1 2004 Map: http://manitobawildlands.org/pa.htm#mining

Quote	Nature of	Speech/Source	Analysis
	Statement	/Date	-
[I]n 2006 we contributed \$1 million to the work of the Manitoba Recreational Trails Association. In addition, we will make further investments in the next phase of the TransCanada trail through Winnipeg.	Past Action	Throne Speech November 15, 2006	We commend the investment in Manitoba's recreational infrastructure. This step does not increase protected lands in Manitoba or fulfill other commitments.
Our government is committed to protecting wildlife and natural spaces and cleaning up contaminated sites.	Policy Statement	Throne Speech November 15, 2006	We commend this general sentiment; however, specific commitments by government to establish new protected areas – such as the goal to establish five major protected areas by 2010, and the permanent protection of the Poplar/Nanowin Rivers Park Reserve (see below) have not yet been acted upon.
We will continue to expand protection for Manitoba's beautiful natural areas. Our government will work with First Nations and stakeholders to enact permanent protection for Poplar River and develop special protection measures for Little Limestone Lake.	Specific Commitment	Throne Speech November 15, 2006	We look forward to the announcement of permanent protection for the Poplar/Nanowin Rivers Park Reserve, now clearly overdue.  We also look forward to protection for Little Limestone Lake.  Natural spaces and natural areas language may be an indication that government has lost track of protected areas policy and commitments.
Today's budget provides resources for a new and improved made-in-Manitoba parks reservation system	General Commitment	Budget Speech March 6, 2006 – Natural Areas and Environmental Stewardship	
We are also extending 911 emergency service to five major provincial parks, and increasing resources for parks maintenance.	Specific Commitment	Budget Speech March 6, 2006 - Natural Areas and Environmental Stewardship	Manitoba's parks are lacking management plans, staff, and clear information on lands that are protected from development.

This year we will reach our 1,000 new cottage lots goal.	Specific Commitment	Budget Speech March 6, 2006 – Natural Areas and Environmental Stewardship	Although government may achieve this goal, the cottage lots program has been plagued with problems, including lack of archeological review of sites, lack of surveys, and objections from current property owners, cottagers, and First Nations regarding sites earmarked for expansion.
Budget 2006 provides additional resources for campground upgrades, including more yurts, as well as expanded electrical, washroom and shower facilities.	Specific Commitment	Budget Speech March 6, 2006 – Natural Areas and Environmental Stewardship	See comments earlier re management plans, etc.
Over the last two years, we have established five new ecological reserves, offering the highest level of protection.	Past Action	Budget Speech March 6, 2006 – Natural Areas and Environmental Stewardship	Lands protected within these five ERs totals 1031ha. Manitoba's network of protected areas totals 5.3 million ha.  Brokenhead ER (563ha) Armit Meadows ER (263ha) Birch River ER (183ha) Shay ER (7ha) Little George Island ER (15ha) Total: 1031ha  There appears to be some confusion about protection standards. Clarity on minimum required standards and regulation steps for protected areas establishment are the basis for public policy. Ecological reserves are important, but rarely provide representation of the natural region due to size.
We have also extended designation of the Fisher Bay and Birch Island Park reserves for an additional five years.	Past Action	Budget Speech March 6, 2006 – Natural Areas and Environmental Stewardship	Yes – we congratulate the government on this action. It is unfortunate that a full 10 years will be needed for decisions for these protected lands. Lack of staff, and failure to support the First Nations protected areas

			MOII 1. d 1.1
			MOU result in these delays.
Budget 2006 provides additional		Budget Speech	No funding to support needed
resources to advance the First		March 6, 2006	lands plans have been provided.
Nations-Manitoba-Ontario	Specific	– Natural	These funds are for facilitation of
	Commitment	Areas and	meetings, which are moving into
UNESCO World Heritage site	l	Environmental	their third year.
nomination		Stewardship	j ,
		Budget Speech	This amount is twice the funds in
[Budget 2006] doubles our grant		March 6, 2006	reference above re WHS.
to the Nature Conservancy of	Specific	- Natural	
Canada's National Campaign for	Commitment	Areas and	
Conservation to \$200,000.		Environmental	
		Stewardship	
		Budget 2006 In	See above.
New support will be provided to	Chasifia	Brief – Water	
advance the UNESCO World	Specific	and	
Heritage site nomination	Commitment	Environmental	
		Protection	
		Budget Speech	
Today's budget provides		March 6, 2006	
resources for a new and	General	– Natural	
improved made-in-Manitoba	Commitment	Areas and	
parks reservation system		Environmental	
		Stewardship	